

TERMS:
One year delivered in city by carrier, \$3.00
Three months, if paid in advance, \$1.00
One year by mail, in advance, \$5.00
Parts of year at same rate.

JOB PRINTING.
Book and every description of Commercial and
Law printing, in the best manner at Gazette Job
shops.

Entered at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as
second-class matter.

The barrel holds the field alone. That
has a boom which makes the Sage of Gram-
ercy smile and rest in peace.

When the Democrats are looking about
for a tall to their Presidential kite, they
should not forget their true friend and
most obedient servant, Dr. Alonzo Garce-
lon.

The village board of Geneva has offered
a reward of five hundred dollars
for the arrest and conviction of the person
who fired the steamer Arrow on Thurs-
day.

Senators Logan and Carpenter are re-
sponsible for the defeat of the Fitz John
Porter bill. They knocked all the courage
out of those Democrats who had made up
their minds to vote for the bill.

Secretary Sherman has written a letter
in which he denies that he will withdraw
from the candidacy. He announces him-
self a candidate, but says he will not be
little or arraign Grant or Blaine, nor use
his official position to promote his candi-
dacy.

The report is being circulated in some of
the Eastern papers that Alexander H.
Stephens seriously thinks of resigning his
seat in Congress. The reasons why he
contemplates this course must be humiliat-
ing to the better class of Democrats. He
is so disgusted with the Democratic policy
and Democratic politicians, that he does
not feel like sacrificing his honor any
longer by following their dictation. It is
humiliating to him, and a disgrace to
American politics.

The female suffrage joint resolution in-
troduced in the Assembly has been adopted
by that body, the vote standing 55 to 38.
On Thursday evening the question came
up, and when put to a vote, it was defeated
48 to 44. On Friday morning a motion
was made to reconsider the vote by which
the resolution was killed and after a few
humorous amendments and a little good
natured sparring, the motion was adopted.
During the discussion the galleries
and the lobby were filled with ladies, and
when their cause had a partial
triumph, they gave vent to their
feelings by loudly applauding, which was
so earnest and prolonged, that it was with
difficulty repressed by the Speaker. The
resolution went to the Senate Friday af-
ternoon and was conferred in by a vote of
19 to 11. This may be considered a tri-
umph for Mrs. Marion V. Dudley, of Mil-
waukee, who has been pressing the resolu-
tion, and who made a very effective
speech on the subject before the Assembly
Committee on State Affairs.

"The Black List" is the title of a little
book now being prepared by the railway
associations of the United States, contain-
ing the names of all persons—generally
newspaper men—who obtain railway pas-
sages and then dispose of them to scalpers
and others. The practice of selling these
passes has become so great within the
past two or three years, that the companies
have been compelled in order to protect
themselves, to issue this "black list," and
hence make the names of the person public.
It will be interesting to glance over the
pages of the one which
will be ready in a few weeks. In it will
be found the names of some of our mak-
ing pretensions as newspaper men, but
who are nothing more than adventurers.
They have become "hard up," and have
undertaken to speculate off the railways.
The programme is now to refuse a man a
pass whose name appears on the black list.
He is "spotted" by all the railways, and
thereafter it is said it will be almost im-
possible for him to regain the confidence
of the companies to that extent which will
secure him free passes. It has been in-
timated that the "black list" will contain
the name of a few newspaper men of Wis-
consin.

The biennial session resolution which
was adopted by the Senate as being con-
sidered better in some respects than the
original Assembly resolution, received a
very pronounced endorsement in the
Assembly on Thursday night, it having
been concurred in by a vote of 88 to 5.
This is a remarkably solid vote, and it
shows how strong the feeling is to submit
the question to the people. The new resolu-
tion, which is done with for this session,
fixes the salary of the members at \$400 for
the biennial term, and cuts off all per-
quisites, stationery, and newspapers. For
the same term of service under the
present annual system, the expense for each
member would be \$850, a saving of
\$450 on each one in two years. The State
should practice reasonable economy and
we believe this is one step toward a need-
ed reform. This amendment in the Con-
stitution will not be submitted to the
people till the general election of 1891.
The resolution will go over till the next
Legislature when it will be acted upon
again, and if it passes, it will go to the
people at the following fall election. The
resolution received such a strong endorse-
ment this session, that there is hardly a
probability that it will be defeated by the
next Legislature.

THE SAGE OF GRAMERCY.

It is a foregone conclusion that Mr. Til-
den will be nominated at Cincinnati. He
has been working for the nomination for
more than two years, and has now got the
party in that condition where it must obey
his will or receive his opposition. He has
doubled his fortune since 1876, and by the
seductive influence there is in his barrel,
will have no trouble in controlling the Con-
vention. But there is another reason why
Mr. Tilden will be the nominee. In all the
party there is not a strong man for the

THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 24

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1880.

NUMBER 5

Presidency. There is not one
the party can hope to elect, and there is
not one who stands well in all sections of
the country. Mr. Tilden is strongly op-
posed by many of the leaders both North
and South, and there are many thousands
in the ranks of the party who will never
vote for him, but he wants the nomination,
and the party already sees that the best
way to get out of a bad scrape, and to re-
lieve the party of any responsibility, is to
let Mr. Tilden force his own nomination
and stand the consequences.

The Gramercy Park statesman is willing
to do this. He is a man of boundless hope
as well as of ambition and selfishness, and
he must be nominated or New York will
be counted against the Democrats. This
is the way Mr. Tilden feels, and conse-
quently he has been framing his actions to
correspond to his feelings; and it is a little
singular that in all the Democratic party
there is not force enough to oppose him in
the scheme he is playing. He seems to
have the party completely under his thumb.
He has a twist even on the leaders that is
powerful enough to compel them to do his
bidding, and in the campaign of 1880 he
proposes to use it more rigorously than he
did in 1876.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate Kills the Total
Liquor Prohibition Bill.

The Assembly Passes the An-
nual Tax Budget Amount-
ing to \$453,090.

The School-Boy Antics Have
Commenced in the Legis-
lature.

Indicating that that Body Have
About Completed Their
Labors.

Special to the Gazette.
THE SENATE.
MADISON, Wis., March 13.—In the Sen-
ate this morning the joint resolution pro-
viding for a total liquor prohibition was
killed, ayes 11, noes 14.

The Assembly bill providing for the
erection of a Normal School in Milwaukee
was concurred in.

A memorial to Congress was passed
praying for the equalization of soldiers
bounties and relating to the improvement
of the Mississippi river and its tributaries.

THE ASSEMBLY.
The Assembly passed the annual tax
budget of four hundred and fifty-three
thousand dollars.

Most of the morning was devoted to the
boisterous nonsense customary upon the
closing days of the session. Many impor-
tant appropriation bills are still pending,
and an adjournment cannot be reached
before Tuesday night or Wednesday morn-
ing.

DAVIS.

New York, March 12.—When Clarence
E. Davis, the bigamist, was drumming for
a New York tea house, three years ago, he
lived with one of his numerous wives in
rented rooms at No. 387 1/2 Bleeker street.
He kept these apartments several months,
until another wife in Poughkeepsie and a
prospective wife in Stamford, Connecticut,
made it extremely hot for him, and looked
him up in Ludlow street jail. Mr. Timm,
his landlord, can tell very little about his
bigamous tenant and his affairs, except
that the maiden name of his Bleeker street
wife was Louise Harold; and that her parents
lived in Cincinnati, and that while on
surrender Ida Harold came from Ohio City
on a visit of some length. Mrs. Timm says
that Louise Harold insisted, and evidently
believed, that she was Davis' first wife, and
she said she would cling to him in
spite of his peccadilloes. Davis' wife
uncle came to the city
and bailed him out of jail, whereupon the
fellow packed up his effects and left for
parts unknown, accompanied by Louise
Harold. Since that time the Timm family
have heard nothing of the couple. Davis,
however, forfeited his bail, which was paid
by his uncle, Mr. Brown, a member of the
tea firm on Duane street, which formerly
employed Davis, says he knows nothing of
the fellow's domestic affairs except what
he saw in the papers three years ago.

POLITICAL AND CRIMINAL.

The Hill-Raymond Sensation
Growing Interesting at
Washington.

The Democrats Implicating
Senator Kellogg with
the Scandal.

And that Gentleman Goes for
the Georgian in the
Senate.

The President Will Not Inter-
fere with the Execution
of Stone.

Execution of John Mayfield, at
Florence, and Sidney
McFadden, at Wash-
ington.

Henry Adams' Testimony Relat-
ing to the Negro Exodus.

The Negroes Fearing the Elec-
tion of a Democratic
President.

Are Hastening Away from the
Sunny South.

Henry Ward Beecher's Views on
the Presidential Question.

General Bragg's Statement Re-
lating to the Losses of the
Iron Brigade.

BEN HILL.

The Jesse Raymond Sensation
Is Growing Interesting—Kellogg's
Connection with It.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The sensation
which has commenced in the Ben Hill
scandal is not likely to have a speedy end-
ing, and the result may be more serious
than the actors in it have contemplated.
When Senator Hill authorized an inter-
view, which stated in effect that William
Pitt Kellogg, of Louisiana, was responsible
for the publication of the scandal which
connected Ben Hill's name with the story
of Jesse Raymond, he counted without
his host. Senator Kellogg has faced too
many dangers from Rebel Democrats
in New Orleans to quail before
any slanders or insinuations
from Democratic sources in Washington.
It seems to be the purpose of the friends
of Ben Hill to give this scandal a political
turn, and they have selected Kellogg as the
person to whom to assign the authorship
of it. Kellogg appears to have been
chosen for the reason that his case is now
pending before the Senate. It can be
easily proved that the charge, whether
made by Ben Hill or not, that all the cor-
respondents of Republican newspapers
were induced to publish this scandal by
Kellogg, is baseless.

More than one correspondent knew of
the scandalous story of Jesse Raymond
long before any publication was made, and
it was not until the papers charging Ben
Hill with seduction were filed that any
Republican newspaper made mention
of it. In fact, two weeks before the case was
first mentioned in the Senate, at least,
mentioned the subject to Ben Hill,
and was told by that gentleman
that it was a case of black-
mail, and using ordinary prudence in his
own mind, the Republican correspondents
made no mention of this scandal until
the month of January, when a Democrat
said that the scandal was started by the Re-
publican correspondents for political purposes.
Kellogg says he knew nothing about
it until the case was begun.

Much surprise is expressed that Ben Hill
if he wishes to charge the story upon Kel-
logg, did not reply to Kellogg's fiery and
indignant attack upon him in the Senate
this afternoon; but Ben Hill, with-
standing Kellogg called him practically a
wanton and malicious calumniator who
struck him in the back and in the back,
and was too cowardly to come to the front,
and although all eyes were turned upon
him, remained pale and motionless in his
seat. All expected that he would instant-
ly reply, and it was not until the Demo-
crats saw that he would not that Senator
Thurman broke the painful silence in a
solemn and lofty way to announce that
he should on Monday move to table the resolu-
tion. But Ben Hill will have to make
his reckoning with another person be-
sides Kellogg. It is a woman; but it
is not a woman who can be calumniated
or bullied—Mrs. Beva Lockwood, the emi-
nent lawyer.

THE GALLOWES.

Execution of John Mayfield and Sid-
ney McFadden.

FLORENCE, Ala., March 12.—John May-
field, colored, was hanged here to-day for
the murder of Tobie Irvine, colored, in this
place Nov. 11, 1878. Mayfield had no ap-
petite yesterday or to-day, and slept very
little last night. He said his conviction
was caused by malice, but he was going to
a better country and was prepared to die.
At 1:40 o'clock the trap fell, and in about
ten minutes the doctors pronounced May-
field dead.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 13.—Sidney
McFadden, colored, was hanged at Wash-
ington, Ark., to-day for the murder by poison
of his wife Esther, in November, 1879. He
had formed a connection with another
woman, and was heard to say he intended
to put his wife out of the way. She was
taken suddenly ill at the time stated, and
died in a few hours. A postmortem ex-
amination revealed strychnine, and it was
proved at the trial that he had purchased
a small quantity of a day or two before. This
and other circumstances caused his conviction
on the 16th of January last. The Sher-
iff arrived at the scaffold with McFadden
at 1:30 p.m. After prayer by the Rev.
James Reed, the prisoner addressed the
public briefly, not directly confessing, but
professing hopes of salvation. Prayer was
also offered by the Rev. Milton Brown, at
his request. The drop was then sprung,
and after a severe struggle he was pro-
nounced dead, after seventeen minutes.
His neck was broken by the fall.

THE EXODUS.

Henry Adams' Testimony Relating
to the Negro Exodus from the
South.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Senate
Exodus Committee to-day examined Henry
Adams, colored, of Louisiana. He
testified that the Colonization Council was
a secret organization, the object of which
was to better the condition of the colored
people. Their plan of action was first to
appeal to the President to enforce the laws,
and protect their rights; and then to ap-
peal to Congress to set apart a territory
for them, or to appropriate money to aid
them in emigrating to Liberia; and
finally, if they failed in both
of these, then, witness said,
"Our object was to appeal to some other
government outside of the United States to
help us away from this country, to go
there and live under their flag." He said
negroes did not lose all hope of bettering
their condition until 1877, and only then
because they saw the Southern State gov-
ernments pervert the control of and
into the hands of the very men who had
owned them as slaves. The feeling preva-
lent among the negroes he said,
was "to go anywhere in God's world to get
away from these men. The reason," he
said, "that so many of our people are going
away is because a large majority of the
white people who held slaves treat our
people so badly. In many parts of the
country our people might as well be slaves
as free. He thought over 5,000 had al-
ready emigrated from Louisiana, and
that the movement was
on the increase. The fear was
prevailing among the negroes in this sec-
tion of the State that a Democratic Presi-
dent would be elected, and then the con-
dition of the colored people would be still
worse than at present, and it would also be
more difficult for them to emigrate. This
feeling, he thought, was stimulating and
hastening the exodus now.

THE IRON BRIGADE.

A Statement from General Bragg
About the Loss at Bull Run.

MILWAUKEE, March 12.—General Ed-
ward S. Bragg, of Fond du Lac, now at
home in that city, has published a state-
ment controverting that portion of Senator
Matt H. Carpenter's speech on the Fitz
John Porter bill which states that the Iron
Brigade lost 1,910 men at the second battle
of Bull Run on account of Fitz John Por-
ter's conduct. He says:

"The Iron Brigade did not lose in any
fight in Bull Run or in any of the battles
connected 1,910 men, as stated. That
number was fully all the effective force in
that command in August, 1862. But the
brigade did lose 777 men in less than one
hour on the night of the 28th of August.
Fitz John Porter was then at Brattle Sta-
tion.

GRANT.

Henry Ward Beecher's Views on the
Presidential Question.

CINCINNATI, March 12.—Henry Ward
Beecher, in an interview with an Enquirer
reporter this evening, said, touching the
Presidential question: "I stated some
time since that I was for Grant for
President, and I have not changed my
mind. I think he is the best representa-
tive of American common sense of any of
the candidates, and possesses more of the
genius of common sense than any man in
the country. He is, I believe, an honest
man and an able man. Though in his
long career he may have made some mis-
takes as any man would do, I think Grant
is the best man for the place, and I am for
him."

TILDEN'S IDIOCY.

The Way He Counts the Electoral
Vote.

New York, March 12.—The Herald's
Washington special: "Tilden has made
up his mind that a large part of the South
will be equally hostile to him or to his
candidate, and it is admitted that if he
does not run himself he means to name
the man. He has, therefore, report here
says, made up his mind to do
without the Solid South, and holds that
the Democrats can carry Northern States
enough to make up the deficiency. It is
remarked by Tilden men that to carry
California, Oregon, Ohio and Wisconsin,
would give them 41 in exchange for the
Southern States; that may be surrendered.
They count, of course, on New York, Con-
necticut, New Jersey and Indiana being
Democratic as before.

TO BE EXECUTED.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The President
has informed the counsel of J. M. W.
Stone, the negro now under sentence of
death for the murder of his wife, that he
has decided not to interfere. This would
seem to dispose of the reports that it had
been determined at the White House that
no capital sentence should be carried into
effect during the present administration.

INDICTED.

MILWAUKEE, March 12.—It has leaked
out here that the recent United States
court grand jury reported an indictment
against ex-Indian Agent J. C. Bridgeman;
the indictment charging that Mr. Bridgeman
procured from one J. L. Whitehouse a
voucher signed in blank that was to be
drawn for the value of \$624, and that
Bridgeman caused to be inserted the sum
of \$2,900 in place of the lawful \$624.

WANTED!

A GIRL TO DO
HOUSE-WORK

One who can give good reference—none other
need apply.
MRS. M. L. COLVIN,
Court St., opposite Court House.
mar24w1

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVORCES. Legally and Quietly in 30
days. Fee when granted—
Enclose stamp for advice.
Munro Adams, 194 Broadway, N. Y. City,
N. Y.

\$1,000 A YEAR. Can be made at home
by any active man or
woman, boy or girl,
or by a woman over night. Any one can
conduct the business. It requires no capital.
JANE WILSON, 107 N. 7TH ST., WICHITA,
KANSAS. Write at once for full particulars to E. C. RIDE-
OUT & CO., 221 Fulton St., N. Y.

Hamburg American Packet Company's
Weekly Line of Steamships

Leaving New York every Thursday at 8 P. M.
For ENGLAND, FRANCE and GERMANY.
Passage to and from Europe at lowest
rates. For tickets apply to C. S. RICH-
ARD & CO., General Passenger Agents, 61
Broadway, New York, or to O. F. JENSEN &
CO., Janesville, Wis.

NOTICE.

The Janesville, Beloit and Rockford Railway
Company having delivered to, and filed with the
underground City Clerk, of the city of Janesville,
a proposition in writing signed by its President,
and sealed with its seal, proposing to
construct and complete ready for the passage
of cars, its railroad from a point in the Monroe
branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Railway, in section number four (4), in town
number two (2), north of said city, to a point
(12) east, and near the western boundary of the
city of Janesville, in the County of Rock, and
Southwestern division of said Chicago, Milwaukee
& St. Paul Railway, at or near the eastern
boundary of the City of Beloit, in said county, on
or before the 1st day of January, A. D. 1881, and
for the purpose of aiding said Railway Company
in the construction of its railroad, said city of
Janesville, by its City Clerk, has caused the
capital stock of said Railway Company, amounting
to the sum of ten thousand dollars, and that
said city pay for said stock, in cash, in one
sum, when said railroad of said Company shall
be fully completed, and ready for the pas-
sage of cars over the whole length thereof, pro-
vided that said railroad shall be completed on or
before the 1st day of January, A. D. 1881, and
said Railway Company having by a written re-
quest, required notice to be given by the under-
signed as such clerk, as required by law, that a
petition to the proper authorities of said city of
Janesville, praying that the proposition of said
Janesville, Beloit and Rockford Railway Com-
pany, be accepted by said city, and carried into
effect, will be presented for their
signatures, to the resident tax payers of said
city, which petition embracing a copy of such
proposition is hereto appended as a part of this
notice.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that after
the nineteenth day of March, A. D. 1880, a peti-
tion to the proper authorities of the said city of
Janesville, praying that the proposition of said
Janesville, Beloit and Rockford Railway Com-
pany, be accepted by said city, and carried into
effect, will be presented for their
signatures, to the resident tax payers of said
city, which petition embracing a copy of such
proposition is hereto appended as a part of this
notice.

Dated March 12, A. D. 1880.

J. M. BURGESS,
City Clerk of the City of Janesville.

To the Mayor, Council, of the City of Janesville:
The Janesville, Beloit and Rockford Railway
Company, having on the twelfth day of March,
A. D. 1880, delivered to and filed with the City
Clerk of the city of Janesville, a proposition in
writing signed by its President and Secretary,
and sealed with its seal, proposing to construct
and complete its railroad from a point in the
Monroe branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St.
Paul Railway, in section number four (4), in
town number two (2), north of said city, to a
point (12) east, near the western boundary line
of said city, and near the eastern boundary line
of the City of Beloit, in said County of Rock,
and Southwestern division of said Chicago, Mil-
waukee & St. Paul Railway, at or near the eastern
boundary of the City of Beloit, on or before the
first day of January next; that for the purpose
of aiding said Railway Company in the construc-
tion of its railroad; that said city make a subscrip-
tion to its stock, hereby proposed to
said city, to construct and complete ready for
the passage of cars, its said railroad from the
point in said Monroe branch of said Chicago,
Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, above mentioned,
near the west boundary line of said city of Janes-
ville to the point in said Racine and Southwestern
division of said Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
Railway, above mentioned, near the east boundary
line of said city of Beloit, on or before the first
day of January next; that for the purpose of
aiding said Railway Company in the construction
of its said railroad; that said city of Janesville
subscribe for one hundred shares of the capital
stock of said Railway Company of one hundred
dollars each, amounting to the sum of ten thou-
sand dollars; and that said city pay for said
shares of stock in cash, in one sum, when said
railroad of said Janesville, Beloit and Rockford
Railway Company shall be fully completed, and
ready for the passage of cars, over the whole
length thereof, provided that said railroad shall
be constructed and completed on or before the
first day of January, A. D. 1881.

In testimony whereof the said Janesville, Be-
loir and Rockford Railway Company, has caused
this proposition to be signed by its President and
Secretary and sealed with its corporate seal this
twelfth day of March, A. D. 1880.

M. O. SMITH,
President.

A. JACKSON,
Secretary.

Now, therefore, we the undersigned, the mem-
bers being a majority of the persons residing in said
city of Janesville, who were assessed for taxes
on real or personal estate in said City of Janes-
ville, as shown by the last assessment roll of
said City, respectively pray that said proposition
be made by said Janesville, Beloit and Rockford
Railway Company, to the said City of Janesville
as aforesaid, may be accepted and carried into
effect.

Dated March 20th, A. D. 1880.

MISCELLANEOUS.

New Arrivals
Grated Pine Apples!
For Layer Cakes or a delicious Sauce.

POTTED HAM, BONED CHICKENS.
NEUFCHATEL CHEESE!
Another Case of De Lamer's Meat
Sauce only 15 cents.

Paul Devere's Celery Salt,
The finest made.

Preserved Figs, Hazard's Tomatoes.

TAMARINDS, GUAVA JELLY!
HAVE ARRIVED!

A Tierce of Gardner, Phineas & Co.'s Celebrated
Fruit Apple Brand of

SUGAR CURED HAMS!
From Cincinnati. These Hams are reported to
be equal to the Westphalia Hams, and are very
much cheaper.

J. A. DENISTON.

Aug 24w1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PIANOS. Stool, Cover & Book \$210 to \$1500. On
GANS 13 Steps, 3 set Roads, 2 Kne
Swells, Stool, Book, only \$18. 11-
Illustrated Catalogue Free. Address DANIEL F.
BERRY, Washington, N. C.

\$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents, Outfit
Free. Address F. O. VICKERY, An-
gusta, Maine.

ADVERTISERS.
By addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost
of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in Ameri-
can Newspapers. 100-page Pam-
phlet, 10c.

MISCELLANEOUS.
The Janesville Pickleing and
Vinegar Company
Offer for Sale all its Property.

It has about three-fourths of an acre of land
favorably located on Railroad track; a com-
mons salting and preserving house;

A Vinegar Factory & Cooper Shop
Also a complete outfit of tubs, tools, machinery
etc., etc. The salting tub will hold thirteen
thousand bushels.

Salt Cucumbers in Prime Order,
which will sell in salt or in Vinegar Pickles in
lots to suit. For further information address or
call on
F. S. ELDRED, President,
J. D. REXFORD, Secretary,
Janesville, Wis., March 14 1880. mar14w1

THE BUILDINGS!
Formerly occupied by W. S. Bennett & Co., and
J. L. Gooding, and James Hutton, will be sold
at Auction on the premises March 21st, at 2 o'clock
P. M.
Janesville, March 12th, 1880. mar12w1

HERE
WE GO AGAIN

No use of talking—have got
to have a guardian appointed to
keep us from giving away goods.

Every day, rain or snow, mud
or slush, they will come in and
buy something, if nothing more
than a box of ten cent collars.

When a fellow gets up on his
ear, and hitches four horses and
a mule to a stone boat, to come
through the mud for a new suit
of clothes, it shows that he
means business. We should
have sold the suit to him all the
same if he had taken only one
horse and then walked in. Re-
ceiving goods every day for lit-
tle old men, big young boys, and
large sized infants. We keep
good goods to sell, and sell good
goods for keeps. One more lot
of those twenty-five cent over-
alls, just received from the Hub.

Fifty dozen more of those ten
cent socks. Goods sent by tel-
ephone or on postal cards when
desired, if cash comes with the
order.

E. T. FOOTE.

West Milwaukee St., two doors
west of the Post Office.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great Eu-
ropean Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simp-
son's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spasmodic, Semi-
tanic, Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases result-
ing from Self-Abuse, or Mental Anxiety, Loss of
Memory, Pains Back or Side,
and diseases that lead to Con-
sumption, Insanity, and an
early grave.—The Specific
Medicine is be-
lieved to be the best
ever used with
wonderful success. Pamphlet
sent free to all.
Write for them and get full particulars.
Price, Specific, \$1.00 per package, or six pack-
ages for \$5.00. Address all orders to
J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO.,
Nos. 104 and 106 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in Janesville by Croft & Sherrin, and all
druggists everywhere. 176w1w1

OUR STOCK
VEGETABLES EMBRACE

Potatoes, Cabbages, Turnips, Beets, Hubbard Squash.

Paranips, Onions, Vegetable Oysters, Carrots and

C. F

A SISTER'S VINDICATION.

My Experience as an Accomplice in London with a Murdered Woman, and a Confession.

London Referee.

It was between the lights on a gloomy December afternoon, I was the sole occupant of the smoking room of a "Literary and Artistic Club" which faces the Thames. I flung fresh coal on the gloomy embers, and stared till they sent up a blaze of light that drove the ghosts out of the shadowy corners, and then picked up a paper and scanned the table to divide over it till the water lighted the glass and some human being wandered in to keep me company. It was an American paper. Some visitor to the club had left it behind him accidentally. I turned the pages listlessly, until suddenly my attention was arrested by a paragraph headed "Extraordinary Crime." It was the story of the robbery of a body of a lady from a grave. The whole affair was surrounded in mystery. On the 14th of the month the body of an Englishman travelling for pleasure, in the same paper which contained the paragraph I found under the head of "Crucial, Atter, Tomb," the following: "On the 14th inst., in this city, Drusilla, the beloved wife of Bisset Emerson, of London, England, aged 40 years, died of a heart attack, the lady was buried, and during the night the churchyard was entered and the coffin carried away. No motive is suggested in this American paper for the crime. The husband is interviewed at the hotel. He is inconsolable for the loss of his beautiful young wife—mad with mingled rage and horror at the desertion of her remains. He tells his story to the reporter. He had only been married a few months. They were travelling for pleasure in America. His poor wife caught a cold a fortnight since, returning from the theater. He had medical advice, but the cold increased and inflammation of the lungs set in, and soon all was over. He buried her in his hands and weeps, and the reporter leaves him alone with his sacred sorrow. The account in the paper I was reading by the fire-light concludes thus: "Up to the present no clue to this mysterious affair has been obtained." I glanced at the date of the paper, and flung it down in disgust. It was two years old. I had grown interested in the affair, and hence it was two years old, already, probably forgotten. Where should I find out how it ended? The shadows had grown darker and darker; the faint flare of the fire had died down into a dull red glow, and the river-side lamps were being lit. I flung myself back into the easy chair, thrust my hands into my pockets, and half-closed my eyes. Suddenly I was aware that I was not alone in the room. From the darkest corner there rose a black figure. It glided slowly towards me. I had placed the paper where I had found it, on the table, by my side. The figure seemed to be looking for something. It passed its hands over the table at my elbow. In the gloom, as I sat in the easy chair, I believed I was most invisible. The figure came right up to me, and reaching out its hand, passed it over my table. Presently it seized something, and glided away with it to the window, on which the lamps without flung a flicker of light. Then I saw that it was a man and that in his hand he held the American paper in which I had read the account of a mysterious crime. He glanced at it, and muttered something, that sounded like, "How careless of me!" then folded the paper, thrust it into his breast pocket, and walked out of the room. Hardly had the door closed behind him when the attendant came in with lights. "Who is that gentleman who has just gone out?" I said. "Don't know his name, sir. Ain't seen him here often."

I remember that at this club every member had to sign his name in a daily book kept in the hall for that purpose. I went down stairs, and looked at the open list to see if that would afford me any clue. The first name that caught my eye was Bisset Emerson.

No wonder the figure I had seen in the darkness had been so anxious to find that paper. I saw at once what had happened. He had been in the room reading, fancying himself alone. He had laid the paper down thoughtlessly and dropped off to sleep. I had not noticed him in the gloom and he was quite unaware of my presence.

One thing more I did before I left. I turned over the members' address book, and looked under the E's. There I found the name of "Bisset Emerson," and against it "No. 7 Black Court, Temple."

Soon afterwards I found time to find the club, and there I met an old friend of mine, a barrister, whom I had not seen for a year, who after dinner invited me to come to his chambers for an hour.

"Still in your old diggings then," I said.

"Oh no," he answered. "I've moved since I saw you last into another set. I've got capital chambers at No. 7 Black Court. I asked him at once if he knew Mr. Emerson.

Only by sight he answered. "He has chambers on the same floor, and we pass on the landing, we never speak."

I stayed longer than I meant to, and I was striking 10 as we came out on the landing. The outer door of Emerson's chambers was ajar. As we passed the inner door opened and a man rushed out with a scared white face. It was Bisset Emerson!

"Help!" he cried, tearing at his collar as though it choked him. "Help! help!" Then there was a strange gurgling noise in his throat, and he fell forward in a fit. I dragged him into his chambers, which were in total darkness, and laid him on the floor, bidding my friend to run for a doctor at once. The man babbled in his frenzy. "The face," he cried, "the face—it was her face—there in the court below! Look between the trees!" I looked out into the court.

The moon was up, and among the trees near the fountain I could see the figure of a woman. She was in deep black, and as presently she stood where the trunk of a tree threw the white face into relief, I could see that she was looking toward the window for that of Emerson's, for as I looked she raised her arms with a strange menacing gesture and pointed at me. Then she glided in among the trees and was lost to sight. The doctor came, examined Emerson, and prescribed for him. "He's had a violent fright," he said "but he'll be all right by and by. His more hysterical than anything else. Where are his friends?"

I wanted to learn something of this man's strange story, but I could wish for better than a night alone with him. The doctor gave me certain directions and left. We had carried Emerson to his bedroom and laid him to bed. Since he was alone, I went into the front room and piled up the fire, put on the kettle, found some whiskey, lit my pipe and prepared for the night. I had just turned the burner down when I became aware of a soft grating sound at the outer door. Some one was softly opening the outer door with a key. The gas was low down. Hurriedly I picked up my overcoat and other traces of my presence and flung them under the large couch at the end of the room. It was an old-fashioned sofa with a hanging valance which reached to the ground. I then crept underneath, and waited for the curtain to rise in the drama. Here I had got into a safe position when the outer door opened and I heard a step in the passage. I lay there, and then the outer door was gently closed, and I expected to see the inner door open in its turn and some one enter. The minutes went by, and no one came. Who ever it might be in the passage. I could hear a slight movement every now and then, and the rustle of a woman's dress. It must have been Emerson's friend, since I heard the outer door opened when I noticed that the inner one was swinging

noiselessly back on its hinges, and something was gliding into the room. Slowly it moved across the floor until it stood right in the dim light of the turned-down gas.

I shall never forget the terrible sight that met my eyes. I would have screamed but my tongue remained glued to my mouth. I was looking at a dead woman risen from the grave. Her face had been beautiful in life; now it was ashen gray. The eyes were sunken in their sockets, and her lips were pale and colorless. The figure was shrouded in a long white shroud, and I fancied that the room was heavy with the awful odor of an open grave. Slowly the phantom moved toward the next room, and glided in. For a moment all was still. Then came a faint cry. The man was awake, and alone with the apparition. "Drusilla!" he shrieked. "Mercy! Mercy! Have mercy!"

I heard a hollow voice answer him, "Rise and follow me."

"What would you have with me?"

"What shall I confide in?" answered the wretched man, his voice trembling in an agony of fear.

"Confess the foul wrong you did me. Confess where you poor body lies, that it may be buried in holy ground."

Again the man's trembling voice wailed out, "I will confess all!"

The apparition glided from the inner room, and the man followed her.

"Write!"

The dead woman pointed to the table where the pen and ink were, and the man obeyed her gesture mechanically.

"Write all!"

I could see from a rent in the valance the white shroud. The man, white with terror, the beads of cold perspiration on his brow, sat and wrote.

The apparition glided behind him and looked over his shoulder.

Once he paused in his task.

"Write all," said the figure.

The man then grasped the paper with its wicked fingers. "Got!" it said, pointing to the lower door.

With his eyes fixed upon its livid face, the man backed slowly for some paces with a violent effort and a little scream, he seized the door, swung it to, and bolted it on the inside.

Then for the first time the dead woman trembled.

She seemed strangely nervous and agitated now she clasped the paper closely, then put it in her bosom, and glided from the room.

I had got over that sudden terror inspired by such a strange sight, and I made up my mind that I had detected some terrible imposture. There was a slight pause in the lobby, and the noise of a garment being drawn off; then the outer door opened and the visitor passed out on the staircase.

I followed as quietly as I could. The staircase was lighted with gas. As I trod on the second landing the ghost heard the noise and looked up. She was dressed in an ordinary black costume new, and her face was a natural color. To my intense surprise she then screamed and attempted to run away. She stood and beckoned me to her side.

"What are you going to do?" she said.

"To give you into custody."

"Are you a friend of his?"

I answered "Yes" mechanically.

"Then let me go free if you value his life."

"If I let you go then I am your accomplice," I murmured; "your accomplice in some vile imposture."

"No. If you are my accomplices tonight, you are an accomplice in the holiest deed a woman ever wrought. Pass me through the gates if you doubt me; watch me; follow me home; give me into custody if you like; I don't care, I've got what I wanted."

I took her arm as though I had been a policeman, and said: "Pass through the gate then, and if you attempt to get away I shall call for help."

She nodded to the proposition. The man was half asleep. I roused him from his box, he pulled the cord and let us pass through the wicket door into the Strand.

I then listened to the strangest story that ever mortal lips had uttered, and there was no doubt that every word of it was true.

The confession which the trembling woman had written at her dictation—as she believed at the dictation of her dead wife—I had read. I was a plain statement of how he had poisoned the poor girl whom he had wedded in a fit of mad jealousy, and how he had concealed his crime; how at the last moment he had overheard a whisper that some one suspected foul play; and how, fearing the body might be examined, since dead, stolen the body that night and reburied it in the garden of a house in a lonely part of the American town where this accomplice lived.

This woman was his wife's sister, and she had suspected foul play from the first. She was an actress, and was away on a provincial tour when Bisset Emerson wooed and won Drusilla and took her abroad with him. Emerson had never seen this sister. The marriage had been secret and hurried, and he had seemed strangely anxious to leave the country. They were to be back in five months.

Drusilla—poor trusting fool!—idolized the man and obeyed him. To her he was a knight without reproach.

But soon his conduct toward her altered strangely, and she began to suspect that all was not right. He grew cold and cruel, and she was miserable and unhappy.

She wrote secretly to her sister, told her troubles and how quickly her husband's conduct had altered her. The sister urged her to leave him and come home. She expected her to do so when there came the news of her illness and death, and then of the mysterious disappearance of her body.

From that moment Drusilla Emerson's sister made up her mind to fathom the mystery and bring the guilty home to the murderer.

She refused to accept the explanation of her sister's death. She believed Bisset Emerson guilty capable of carrying out a carefully matured plot to get rid of her.

The disappearance of the body strengthened her suspicions. She concluded at once that he feared that the corpse might be exhumed, and as it turned out her suspicion was correct. When some time afterward he arrived in England she commenced to put her plans into execution. She would tell his secret from him. I saw she was an actress by profession. She was also an exact counterpart in height and feature of her dead sister.

When Emerson went to live in chambers she managed by a clever artifice to get a duplicate set of keys.

The place is open night and day, and as there are only one or two men in residence it is easy to choose a time to step upstairs unnoticed. By getting into the room before 12 one would not even be seen by the gate porter.

The plan which occurred to the murdered woman's sister had been put in execution for the first time that night. Early the evening she had let him see her face among the trees. I had been an unsuspected witness of the success of her appearance as one from the dead.

All this was told at the trial in America. He was extradited and I went over as a witness.

But not even on the scaffold would he tell where he reposed the remains of his victim. The avenging sister is now a member of the dramatic company, and of the story, although well known in the States, is now perhaps told for the first time in England.

Winter Goods

CLEARING OUT SALE OF LADIES' CLOAKS!

Only 51 now on hand, which for the purpose of closing out by February 1st, we have reduced as follows:

2 Cloaks \$20 00 each, now \$14 00.
4 Cloaks \$15 00 each, now \$10 00.
6 Cloaks 12 00 each, now 8 50.
12 Cloaks 10 00 each, now 7 00.
8 Cloaks 8 00 each, now 6 50.
13 Cloaks 6 00 each, now 4 00.
6 Cloaks 5 00 each, now 3 00.

The reductions noted above are bone fide and constitute the most attractive line of bargains ever offered in this city.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF Ladies' Furs!

Prices out down as follows:

Mink Sets from \$25 00 to \$15 00.
Mink Sets from 20 00 to 12 00.
Mink Sets from 12 00 to 8 00.
Mink Sets from 10 00 to 6 00.
Alaska Mink Sets \$3 00, \$4 00 & \$5 00 per set.
Imitation Seal Sets 4 00.
Lynx Sets 5 00. Children's Furs at net cost to close out.

Notwithstanding the recent advance in woollens we have just made a reduction of 10 per cent. all around for the purpose of closing out our winter stock.

Elegant new lines of Black Dress Fabrics at 25 cents per yard just opened.

Now is the time to buy Cloaks, Furs and Woollens cheap.

McKEY & BRO.,
24 and 26 Main St., Janesville, Wis.
Sign of the Golden Sheep.

Beware Fraud

To protect the public against imitations we have cut the word "CAPCINE" in each genuine BENSON'S CAPCINE PLASTER.

Do not allow some other Plaster to be palmed off under the name of "CAPCINE" or "CAPCININE," with the assurance that it is as good—Beware in mind that the only object such dealers can have, is the fact that they can buy Spencers' Plaster at half the price of the genuine.

SEABURY & JOHNSON.



FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON!

Every Day without change of cars.

Only Live Steam Running the Famous

DINING CARS

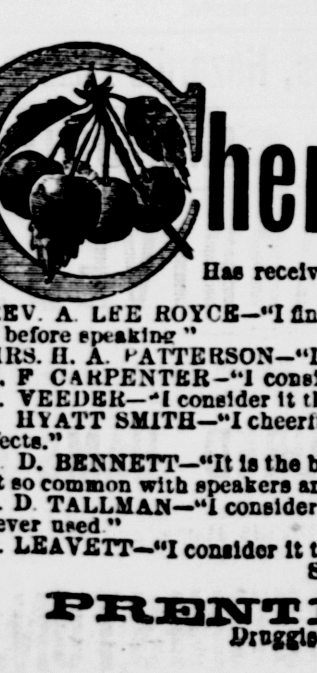
Connects at Niagara Falls and Buffalo with the New York Central and Erie Railways.

HENRY C. WENTWORTH, Gen'l Pass'g Ag't, Chicago.

H. B. LEDYARD, General Manager

I WILL SELL DURING THE Christmas & New Years HOLIDAYS,

My entire line of Children's and Ladies' Cloaks, Dolmans, Shawls, Mink, Cape Seal, Lynx and other Furs at cost. I will open tomorrow a large assortment of Holiday Goods, which I have received on consignment from A. T. Stewart's, for the Holidays, **THO'S LEECH.**



COLLINS' Cherry COUGH CURE!

Has received the endorsement of every one who has used it. Read what some of them say:—

MRS. H. A. PATTERSON—"I cheerfully certify that I have found it all that is claimed for it."

E. F. CARPENTER—"I consider it the very best cough medicine I have ever used."

G. VEDEB—"I consider it the best cough medicine I have ever used."

A. HYATT SMITH—"I cheerfully recommend it as pleasant to the taste, and very beneficial to its effects."

D. D. BENNETT—"It is the best preparation I have ever used for removing irritation of the throat so common with speakers and singers."

D. TALLMAN—"I consider it not only the pleasantest but the very best cough medicine I have ever used."

E. LEAVETT—"I consider it the best preparation for the throat that I have ever used."

Sold and Warranted to Cure by

PRENTICE & EVENSON,
Druggists, Opposite the Post Office, Janesville.

A POSITIVE CURE WITHOUT MEDICINES.

ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BOUGIES

PATENTED OCTOBER 16, 1876.

ONE BOX

No. 1 will cure any case in four days, or less.
No. 2 will cure the Most Obstinate Case, no matter of how long standing.

No nauseous doses of Cubebs, Copaiba or Oil of Sandalwood, that are certain to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach. No Syringes or Astringent Injections to produce other serious complications.

Price \$1.50. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS or mailed on receipt of Price.

For further particulars send to druggist in your city for Circular. **J. C. ALLAN CO.,**
P. O. Box 1533. No. 83 John St., New York.
We offer \$500 Reward for any case they will not cure.

Quick, Safe, and Sure Cure.

Feb 18 Dec 20-6m

BRITTON & Kimball

Are daily receiving goods purchased since the holidays at the lowest cash prices. They have the largest and finest stock ever shown in this city, and the prices are extremely low considering the recent advance in all kinds of goods. We will duplicate any goods you see in catalogues sent from Chicago, put them in your houses here for what they ask for them there. In Parlor goods we have as fine as any in the State. Easy Chairs just received, an immense stock. All goods at bottom prices. You will save money by calling at our store.

UNDER TAKING!

Fourteen years experience; satisfaction guaranteed. **BRITTON & KIMBALL,**
NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.

E. V. WHITON & CO.

(Successors to A. Palmer & Son.)
GENERAL DEALERS IN

DRUGS!

PATENT MEDICINE, Paints, Oils, Glass, PUTTY, VARNISHES and MACHINE Oils

We keep a large stock of

FANCY & TOILET Articles!

BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS, HANDKERCHIEF EXTRACTS, COLLOGNES, HAIR OILS, THUSSES AND SHOULDER BRACES.

Call and See Us!

and we will try and make for your interest to do your trading at

Palmer's Old Stand

sepi 1 d

CONSTITUTION WATER.

40 DROPS OF CONSTITUTION WATER

NEARLY EVERY BODY IS AFFECTED BY THE KIDNEYS, STONE IN THE BLADDER, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, GLAUCOMA, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, CHILDHOOD WEAKNESS.

For Female Complaints a Specialty. For sale by all Druggists. Send for circular.

MORGAN & ALLEN, 59 John St., N. Y.
decideow-18w-6m

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

667 to 677 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

Keefer, McKinnie & Co.,

or

Manhattan Beach Hotel,

Jan 28 Dec 3m

TO THE PUBLIC.

Owing to the general advances of all that enters into the expense of our business, we have decided that on and after this day we shall make the prices for attendance upon funerals—For Hearse, \$5; and for Carriages, \$4.

C. W. JACKMAN, N. FREDERICKS, H. G. CARTER,
Janesville February 14, 1899. feb 14 Dec 3m

TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Blanket Justice's Return to County Board now and convenient form. **GAZETTE: THE WISCONSIN CO.**
my 14 Dec 1

LEWIS' CONDENSED BAKING POWDER

STRICTLY PURE!

We will give \$1000.00 for any Alum or other adulteration found in this POWDER.

Indorsed by the Brooklyn Board of Health, and by the best chemists in the United States.

It is **STRONGER** than any Yeast Powder in the world.

It **NEVER FAILS** to make light bread when used as directed.

It is **COMMENDED** by every housekeeper who has given it a fair trial.

It is an **ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION**, without any of the bad qualities of soda or saleratus, yeast or other baking powders.

It has in itself a tendency to sustain and nourish the system.

Good food makes good health; and health is improved or impaired in proportion as the food we eat is nutritious or otherwise.

Lewis' Baking Powder always makes good food.

One can of this is worth two of any other baking compound.

It makes bread whiter and richer.

More than half the complaints of bad flour arise from the use of common baking powders, which often make the best of flour turn out dark bread.

The most delicate persons can eat food prepared with it without injury.

Nearly every other baking powder is adulterated and is absolutely injurious.

It is made from **Refined Swiss Cream of Tartar**, and is **PERFECTLY PURE.**

It makes the **BEST, lightest, and most nutritious** bread.

BREAD, BISCUIT, CAKE, CRULLERS, BUCKWHEAT, INDIAN, and FLANNEL CAKES.

A single trial will prove the superiority of this powder.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
GEORGE T. LEWIS & MENZIES CO.
PHILADELPHIA.

CONSUMPTION

Can be cured by the continued use of **Osmunda Cod Liver Oil and Lacto-Phosphate of Lime**, a cure for Consumption, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Scrophulous Diseases. Ask your druggist for Osmunda and take no other. If he has not got it, I will send six bottles upon receipt of \$5.

CHAS. A. OSMUN,
13 Seventh Avenue, New York.
oct 14 Dec 1

For Sale!

At Gazette Counting Room,
A Beckford Knitting Machine

Which will be sold at a bargain.

For Sale Cheap!

A Thoroughbred Short-Horn BULL,

Coming two-years old.

W. L. DENNING,
Post Office, Milton, Wis.
Residence 3 1/2 miles south of Milton. 3w 1w

U. S. MAIL AND STAGE!

Running Daily

Between Beloit and Janesville: leave Beloit at 8 a. m., leave Janesville at 4 p. m. Fare each way 75 cents for one person and ordinary baggage; for extra baggage, shall additional charges. Packages carried and parcels delivered at reasonable rates. Leave orders at principal hotels or at Postoffice in either city.

C. H. BILBIS,
Proprietor.

BLANKS!

FOR

Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE. my 14 Dec 1

THE Admiration OF THE WORLD.

A NOTABLE EVENT!

Mrs. S. A. Allen's Hair Restorer

IS PERFECTION.

A Noble Record; near Half a Century!

Established 1852. Improved 1879

The nature of the great improvement is in wonderful life-giving properties to faded or falling hair, and MORE QUICKLY CHANGING GRAY OR WHITE HAIR to its natural youthful COLOR AND BEAUTY.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

It requires only a few applications to restore gray hair to its youthful color and lustrous beauty, and induce luxuriant growth, and its application is such that it is needed to preserve it in its highest perfection and beauty. DANDRUFF is quickly and permanently removed.

Sold by all Druggists, \$1.25 per Bottle

MANUFACTURERS AND PALE-BOOMS:
114 & 116 Southampton Row, London, England.
37 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, Fr.
35 Barclay St. & 40 Park Place, N. Y.
3300w-jan 20w-a-at-c

JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

OTTO HOLM,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painter. Freezing, Graining, and Paper Hanging, specialties. Orders by permission to Messrs. Wm. Cannon, David Smith, H. F. Crockett, Frank Cook, Dr. Geo. H. McCauley, and E. V. Whiton & Co. Shop over Chas. Dutton's grocery, W. Milwaukee Street. jan 15-aw 1

H. H. BLANCHARD'S LAW COLLECTION, REAL ESTATE AND LOAN OFFICE.

Regular Office hours 9 a. m. to 12 m.; 2:30 p. m. to 5 p. m.

Wanted for collection all notes, bills, accounts and judgments considered good, bad or indifferent, and for forwarding of mortgages due or past due at the office on Main street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. All business entrusted to the care will be promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

INSURANCE.

JOHN G. SANE
Representative of the most substantial Fire Insurance Companies of Europe and United States.

Also Agent for the Zina Life and the Mutual Life Insurance Association of the West. Has farms in Rock County and also wares to exchange for city property, and money to loan.

MYERS HOUSE LIVERY.

C. W. JACKMAN, Proprietor.

BLUFF ST. - - - OPPOSITE FEMERHOUSE

Stearns and Carriages for Funerals

Spermy

HARNESSES, BLANKETS, ETC.

W. J. SADLER,
MAIN ST. - - - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE
A Large Stock of Harness and Trunk on Hand at Bottom Prices.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. W. J. SADLER,
MAIN ST. - - - NEAR GAZETTE OFFICE
Manufacturer and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Restorer and all kinds of Human Hair Goods.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Visited Janesville EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Has men with unparalleled success in the treatment of all

Chronic Diseases

-OF THE-

THROAT, LUNGS, HEART, STOMACH, LIVER.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary system, gravel, sciatica, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, etc.

Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.

My practice is not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not fear defeat, and is not a matter of faith, but a matter of fact. For testing, no trifling, no flattery, no "know because and remedy needed," no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of chronic diseases exclusively, no encouragement without a prospect. Can be in our opinion, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything, or cure every body, but to say claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they abandon hope, make interrogations and decide for yourselves; it will cost nothing as consultation is free. Write us regularly.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE
Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, Saturday and Sunday, the 1st and 2d of M. J., 1899.

Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waukegan, Ill., with stamp.

Jan 14 Dec 1

U. S. MAIL AND STAGE!

Running Daily

Between Beloit and Janesville: leave Beloit at 8 a. m., leave Janesville at 4 p. m. Fare each way 75 cents for one person and ordinary baggage; for extra baggage, shall additional charges. Packages carried and parcels delivered at reasonable rates. Leave orders at principal hotels or at Postoffice in either city.

C. H. BILBIS,
Proprietor.

BLANKS!

FOR

Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE. my 14 Dec 1

BRIEFLETS.

—Crowd the churches.
—To-morrow is the fifth Sunday in Lent.
—Services at the First Methodist church this evening.
—The Fire Department elects its engineers Monday night.
—The tickets for the benefit concert are selling rapidly at King's.
—March commenced to-day moving 13, 14, 15, and will quit Monday night.
—The Republicans meet at the Common Council room at 7:30 o'clock this evening to form a club.
—Two vags were housed at the jail last night, and this morning were sentenced to fifteen days each.
—Miss Ella Chase, of Milwaukee, is spending a few days in the city, the guest of Miss Millie Chittenden.
—Don't forget the Republican Club meeting at the Common Council chamber to-night at half-past seven.
—Ed Tracy, who went from here to Dakota a short time ago, has recently been chosen Marshal, of Sioux Falls.
—Friend Booth, of the Monroe Sentinel, in company with Mr. Chadwick, also of Monroe, made a happy call upon the Gazette to-day.
—J. M. Bostwick and E. L. McKey started for the East to-day, one to buy goods for Smith & Bostwick, and the other for McKey Brothers.
—Those interested in completing a Rock county organization for attending the soldiers' reunion in Milwaukee are to meet again at the Council room next Tuesday evening.
—The Republicans will meet to-night pursuant to call to organize a Campaign Club. Let every Republican be in attendance at the Common Council chamber at half-past seven sharp.
—The official notice of the proposition concerning the new railroad is to be found in another column. It should be read by all interested in having the enterprise pushed to a successful completion.
—The tickets for Miss Gavin's readings next Wednesday night are now for sale at Moseley's. The admission for dress circle and parquette is 35 cents, and for gallery 25 cents, and no extra charge for reserved seats.
—At the Bennett benefit concert next Monday night there is to be an excellent programme. The participants will be the Bower City Band, Mrs. S. J. John, Mrs. H. A. Smith, the Baptist quartet, consisting of Miss Dolly Patterson, Mrs. C. B. Conrad, Dr. Newman, and D. D. Bennett, and a grand chorus made up from all the church choirs in the city. O. H. Fethers is to give readings. A special detail of the Guards, under Lieutenant Glass, will give a fancy drill. Charlie Patterson and T. H. Murphy will give character songs. In fact it will be a big time.
—A man calling himself Col. Arthur Leslie, a glib talker, went into Decker's grocery store, yesterday, and ordered about \$6 worth of goods put up, which he promised to come around and get, and pay for. He said that he lived near Emerald Grove, and was having a wagon mended. On the strength of sundry representations he borrowed fifty cents, until he could get the pay for a load of hay. He spent the half-dollar for whisky, and was locked up last night for obtaining money under false pretences. To-day he was owned up guilty, and was led back to jail to await sentence.

Most popular New York Hotel, the Astor House.

HOW TO MAKE A TOOTH-BRUSH.

In looking over the big stock of tooth-brushes in Prentice & Evenson's drug store the other day we were surprised at the statement that the English make brushes, of which they make a specialty, passed through forty-two hands before completion. We had heard of second hand tooth brushes, but when it came down to forty-two hands, we didn't believe it, but the documents were brought out showing the process by which they were made. First the bones are cut into strips by a circular saw, and pass to men who plane them somewhat smooth, ready for shaping machines, which give the profile of the brush only. Other men smooth the surface, and take off the angles left by the machinery. The handles are then stepped for twenty-four hours in a chemical bath to cleanse them, then boiled till all stains are removed. Then they are put in a revolving cylinder and thus smoothed and polished further. Then the polish is made still more brilliant by holding them on revolving discs of stout felt, covered with a preparation to help the finish. The handles are then dried, carried to the sorting room, where the various shapes and qualities are selected, then sent to the drilling room, where various lathes, revolving at about 4,000 revolutions per minute, pierce the holes, and an ingenious machine, by one stroke, cuts the four turrows in the back of the brush. They are now ready for the bristles to be drawn into them, which is done by experts, who quickly and securely fasten them with small brass wire. An examiner then inspects each brush, and they pass into the finishing room, where the small pieces of wire are laid down, and the backs or grooves filled in with a colored composition. They then pass into another room, where a still higher polish is given the handles. After careful washing, they are dried, and the bristles cut smooth by a very ingenious machine, and the handles are given a final burnish, with clean leathers and powder capable of producing a high finish. Examiners inspect each brush, sort them according to quality, and pass them to the tappers who put the trade mark on the handles. Then they are packed ready for shipment. It is no wonder that the English made tooth-brushes rank so high, and are so sought for, and Prentice & Evenson have a large supply of them that have passed through all the processes named above. No wonder they are good.

BOTHERED BRAINS.

The Excitement Which Is Now Causing Aching Heads and Sleepless Nights.

Opinions of Others.

For some time the city has been unusually restless and excited. The municipal court bill, the new hook and ladder truck, the spring election, the telephone, the Presidential candidates, and Hennessy's chicken claim now seems as dry as a Democratic jag after a ward meeting, and have been thrown into the shade by the more startling struggle with the 13-15-14 puzzle. The Gazette, bent on keeping pace with its contemporaries, has thrust its thermometer into this boiling caldron of public excitement, and tested the temperature to get a just estimate of how much the passions have been heated, and how long it is safe to keep up the blaze. In order to avoid the mistake of interviewing anybody who wasn't to be found, or of charging one man with saying what some other man would have liked to have had him say, but which he didn't, the Gazette employed two short-hand, stem-winding reporters, one to take the notes and the other to guess out their meaning, and by their aid we are enabled to give an accurate, truthful showing of what some of our citizens think of the puzzle.

Dr. Palmer was asked as to its effects. (I thought it was a contagious disease to which all were liable, and as in the cases of chewing gum and eating peanuts, the patients lost all will power. The best remedy was, not to go where it was.)

M. C. Smith looked at it from a financial point of view. It was the only way some folks could ever get a home, and then he went on talking about the advantages of the Madison Insane Asylum. We didn't quite see what that had to do with it, but he seemed to.

Mayor Cobb liked the plan of having only one room for one block to move on at a time. It would be a good thing to have a council room built like that, then fill it up with square men, and allow only one motion at a time.

J. B. Crosby spoke up and said it would be no trouble to get wooden men enough to fill up such a Council, for they were always looking round for a place, but the danger of getting a green Board was—

Seeing that he was inclined to joke about a matter so serious, we hurried out of the Harris works, and met A. E. Morse, who was walking along in an abstract mood. Knowing he wouldn't joke we asked him. He said that if he was a Knight of Pythias instead of a Christian, he would call it a "got darned outrage." It was a vile plot to draw public attention away from his checker column.

John R. Bennett was out of the city, and could not be seen. He said he never heard of a case in his life in which so many new trials had been granted.

O. H. Fethers said that whatever John Winans and the rest of the Bar said about it would be all right.

Postmaster Patterson said it was spoiling the lock-box business. Folks would stand patiently in a line, leading to the general delivery window, and work on that puzzle, without thinking of the time they might save by renting a box.

Pitoy Norcross thought it was an extravagance to invest any money in such a trifle, and lighting a fresh ten-center, went on smoking and thinking.

Justice Brooks was supremely happy. He had solved it. He had ripped off one side of the box so as to get more room to move the blocks around, and found it very easy to do then. He said that it was easy to the puzzle was the box. It wasn't large enough.

Marshal Russell thought it was a good deal like that game where one says "Keno" and the other says "On he—ow is that?" He promised to watch the fellows who were trying to work that job.

Will Evenson said he hadn't heard of the game before, but thought that among the many solutions in the drug store he could get one that would fix it.

Prof. Titcomb said he had one of his own, but had heard so much talk about it that he didn't dare to get the blocks mixed, for fear he couldn't get them in place again. He had taken the "16" out two or three times, and got it back again without any trouble, and was going to try the "15" in a few days.

Will Bates had just got it all right but the last row, which stood "14, 13, 15." He thought that by Christmas he would have a telephonic line connecting the "14" and "15" so that it would do just as well as though they were side by side.

The Valentine brothers got one box between them and each took half. This made it very easy for them to do.

Charlie Moseley said it was the best puzzle out, and worth ten times the price to any man. He sells them.

A. H. Baxter said he could do it with plain blocks and then put the numbers on afterward.

John Griffiths thought it was pretty hard to beat 15, but he had a colt which in time would get inside of that.

When we asked N. O. Clark about it he said "Hey?" and we dropped him.

John Richardson said he could do it by putting the blocks in an organ box, and ordered to sell us one.

Captain Croft was found with his head in an ice box and his finger tips wrapped in red flannel. He had been trying it.

D. D. Bennett was getting up a new song about it, to the tune of "Hold the Fort—teen." Thought the puzzle a good thing, but one was liable to flat on it.

Charlie Conrad said the only way was to play it alone.

Ben Crosssett said "Oh, go 'way."

We went.

From the "Old Salsamander" Drug House.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan 12, 1880.

Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co., Rochester, N.Y.

GENTLEMEN: We trust our order will reach you in season to be filled promptly.

The demand for your Sate Kidney and Liver Cure, is continuous and increasing, and our customers speak in the highest terms of the value.

Several cases of cures, which have come under our observation are complete and most remarkable.

Very truly yours,

VAN SCHAACE, STEVENSON & CO.

FRED'S FUTURE.

An Interview with Young Holden, and His Hope of Acquittal.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Through the kindness of Jailer Currier, I was permitted last Wednesday afternoon to have an interview with Fred Holden, now confined in Cook county jail, pending his trial, on a charge of larceny and burglary. The following is the conversation verbatim:

"Fred Holden, I believe?"

"Yes, sir; that is my name."

"You resided lately in Janesville, Wisconsin?"

"Yes, sir, who do I have the pleasure of addressing?"

"Here is my card Mr. Holden."

"O, yes, I know several of that name in Janesville, probably friends of yours?"

"Yes, sir. Now Mr. Holden, what is the charge against you, and how long have you been here?"

"Burglary and larceny. I am as innocent as your self as far as those charges are concerned, and when I get out, I will convince my friends, if I have any left, that I am entirely innocent. I have been here about four months, and do not like it, I assure you."

"I earnestly hope you will vindicate yourself. I believe myself that you are entirely innocent, as far as I can learn."

"Thank you for these words. I will certainly remember them."

"Have you any friends in this city, Mr. Holden?"

"Yes, I had a few before I was arrested, since that time, they seem to have entirely deserted me. I have an uncle, who keeps a grocery store on the north side, west of Lincoln Park."

"Do any of your friends call and see you, or has your uncle called?"

"No, sir, I am sorry to say that since I got in here, calls of friendship have been like angels' visits—few and far between."

"When a person gets into difficulty and trouble, then, then friendship can be thoroughly tested."

"Yes, sir, that is the time for any one to try the sincerity of profound friendship."

"Do you think Mr. Holden that trial will come off soon?"

"Yes, I do, probably next week. I feel patient and hopeful, and I know that I will be fully vindicated, as I am entirely innocent, and can prove it."

"Have you a lawyer?"

"No, sir, the State's Attorney has been to see me, and wishes to use me as State's evidence. I am of the opinion that that is all I am held for—to be a witness for the State."

"Well, you cannot do better than place yourself in Mr. Mill's hands. You can depend on it that he will do what is right."

"Are you acquainted with L. L. Mills—State's Attorney?"

"Very intimately, I know Mr. Mills well."

"Would you please see him for me, and tell him what you think proper; he appears to be an upright man?"

"I shall certainly do so. Mr. Mills knows his business most thoroughly, and no one has a keener sense of strict justice being done, to the innocent as well as the guilty, than himself, and you can rest assured that everything I can do for you, consistent with the right, shall be most cheerfully done, and I hope very soon to see you at liberty, and your character most fully vindicated."

"Many thanks for this interest manifested in my welfare."

"It is only because I believe you innocent, from certain incidents connected with your arrest, that I will do all I can for you. I will see you again. Now good-bye, for this time; be cheerful and hopeful."

"Good-bye, and many thanks; call again soon."

"I will."

This terminated our interview. Mr. Holden feels as happy as possible under the circumstances, and cheerful enough, when I took my departure outside the gloomy walls.

L. MOUNT.

CHURCH CONCERNS.

How the Sabbath Will be Observed Among the Godly Ones.

The following are the announcements of the services arranged for by the several churches of the city:

All Souls Church.—Corner of Court and Bluff streets. Rev. J. L. Jones, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Sunday school at 12:15 P. M.

The pastor will to-morrow morning deliver the second of his course of discourses on "Home-Making," the subject being "House Building."

Baptist Church.—Northeast corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets. Pastor, Rev. F. L. Chapell. Residence, 62 Madison street. Public worship Sabbath morning and evening. Bible school at 12 M. Young people's meeting an hour before evening service. Preparation Meeting Tuesday evenings. General Prayer Meeting Tuesday evening. Usual hours.

Services as usual to-morrow. It is expected that a Chicago clergyman will preach in the morning.

First M. E. Church.—Corner of Jackson and Center streets. Rev. H. S. Sewell, Pastor. Residence, No. 20 West Bluff street. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Sunday school at 12 M. Prayer-meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

Rev. E. L. Eaton of Beloit, will preach both morning and evening, in exchange with the pastor.

Court Street M. E. Church.—Corner of Main and Court streets. Rev. E. R. Fawcett, Pastor. Residence High, Corner of Ravine. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

In the morning the pastor will preach on "Christ's Quiet Years." In the evening his subject will be "The Easy Road to Heaven." Inquiry meeting at the close of evening service.

Congregational Church.—Corner of Jackson and Dodge streets. Rev. T. P. Sawin, Pastor. Services 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

The pastor's morning sermon will be on "Straightforward." In the evening he will deliver a sermon to those away from home. Subject—"Religion on the Road."

Presbyterian Church.—On Jackson street. A. M., and 7:00 P. M. Services 10:30 A. M., and 7:00 P. M.

Preaching morning and evening by the Rev. Geo. F. Foison, of Oak Park. The discourse in the evening will be to young men, on the need of Divine help in the formation of character.

Y. M. C. A.—Meeting 9 o'clock every morning (except Sabbath). Regular Sabbath afternoon meeting at 3 P. M. All are welcome.

The Association finding its room too small for Sabbath afternoon meetings, have rented Cannon's hall for that purpose, and will hold their Sunday afternoon meetings there hereafter. Mr. Kent will assist in the music with his cornet. To-morrow at

ternoon at 3 o'clock, a song service will be held, to which all are invited.

Christ Church.—On Court street. Rev. A. J. Joyce, Rector. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

Communion at 10 o'clock a. m. Morning prayer at 10:45 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 m., and evening prayer at 7 o'clock p. m.

Trinity Church.—Corner of Jackson and Bluff streets. Rev. Thomas W. MacLean, Rector. Services, Holy Communion at 8 o'clock; second service at 10:30 A. M., and evening service at 7:30 P. M. On the first Sunday in the month no 8 o'clock service.

St. Mary's Church.—Catholic—Corner of Wisconsin and North First streets; Rev. J. W. M. Pastor. Residence, 100 West Bluff street. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.; Vespers at 3 p. m.

St. Patrick's Church.—Corner of Holmes and Cherry streets. Rev. James M. Doyle, Pastor. Services at 8:00 A. M., 10:30 A. M. and Vespers at 3:00 P. M.

African Methodist Episcopal Church.—Rev. Green C. Harrison, pastor. Services in Young Men's Association Rooms.

THE JURYMEN.

The names of the following persons were drawn this morning, to serve as petit jurors at the April term of the Circuit Court:

C. M. Macdonald, Union.
C. H. Sutton, Porter.
Wm. Hodge, Town of Janesville.
Henry Richards, Center.
J. J. Bennett, Milton.
C. F. Dickey, Spring Valley.
C. S. Vincent, Milton.

A. P. Bennett, Fifth ward, Janesville.
B. D. Wixom, Fulton.
N. N. Jackson, Harmony.
James Harris, Lima.
J. R. Whitney, Magnolia.
Josiah Ahnd, La Prairie.

John Cliney, Town of Beloit.
Amos Bird, Clinton.
J. B. Moon, Third ward Janesville.
Orville Bennett, Turtle.
H. L. Blackman, Union.

A. S. Waite, Rock.
H. T. Bortness, Spring Valley.
Joseph Gibbs, Porter.
H. H. Shirley, Avon.
Henry Teague, Newark.
J. Wells, Clinton.

James M. Ryan, Plymouth.
J. H. Hatch, Second ward, Janesville.
Benjamin Irish, Bradford.
W. H. Turney, Clinton.
John Harvey, Johnston.
Michael Finley, Rock.

H. B. Johnson, Johnston.
C. B. Salmon, Second ward, Beloit.
J. J. Pierson, Fulton.
J. H. Haviland, La Prairie.
G. E. Newman, Porter.
W. J. McCard, Lima.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last evening stood at 18 degrees above zero; at 1 o'clock a. m. to-day at 16 degrees above; at 7 o'clock a. m. at 20 degrees above, and at 1 o'clock p. m. at 23 degrees above.

A slight flurry of snow.

The indications to-day are, for the upper lake region, falling barometer, winds mostly from northeast to southeast, higher temperature, partly cloudy weather, with occasional snow, followed by clearing weather.

A NEW FIRM.

Slagg, Potter & Son is the name of the Fond du Lac firm, who are to occupy the store now occupied by Moseley & Bro.

The papers were signed to-day, and the new firm will begin business here probably the early part of next month, the stock to be dry goods.

THE NEW GAME LAW.

Legislative Action of Importance to All Sportsmen.

The game law has been amended by the Legislature in some important particulars. The material change is in Section 4565 of the Revised Statutes, which has been so amended as to cover shooting from blinds.

The section as now amended reads as follows:

"Any person who shall take, catch, kill, destroy or wound any woodcock, prairie hen or prairie chicken, partridge or ruffed grouse, sharp-shinned grouse, or grouse of any variety, quail, mallard, wood or teal duck, or deer, by the use of any net, snare, trap, gun, or spring gun, or who shall hunt, drive, chase, worry or kill any wild deer, by or with a dog or dogs, or who shall kill, destroy or wound any wild duck, brant or goose, by the use of any pivot or swivel gun, or any fire-arm other than a gun habitually used at arms' length and fired or discharged from the shoulder, or when raised and held by the hand, or by any float, snare boat, sail or steam boat, or floating box of similar device, or from any fixed or artificial blind or ambush located to open water outside or beyond the natural cover of reeds, canes, flag or wild rice, of any lake, river, bay or inlet, or at any time, or at any place, or in any manner, or have in his possession the eggs, or wantonly disturb or molest the nesting place of any prairie hen or prairie chicken, or grouse of any kind or variety, woodcock, quail, partridge, snipe, wild duck, brant or goose, or who shall kill, destroy or wound any wild pigeon or other game at its nesting or brooding place, or who shall hunt, drive, chase, worry or kill any other, better, mink, muskrat or other fur-bearing animals upon the lands, or to the middle of any stream of water adjoining the lands of another engaged in the business on such lands of breeding or rearing such animals, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, nor less than five dollars, for each off use. Such fine when collected shall be paid to the county treasurer, and by him paid into the school fund."

A Fair Offer.

The Voltaic Belt Company, Marshall, Michigan, will send their Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Appliances to the afflicted upon trial. A sure cure guaranteed for all diseases of a personal nature, Nervous and Debilitated systems resulting from natural causes. Also, for all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis and many other diseases. For full particulars, address as above.

jan8da3m

CITY NOTICES.

—Mrs. Peterson will commence her school on Monday, March 15th, at her residence, on East Milwaukee street. Terms 25 cents per week, if paid each week in advance, \$4.00 if paid at the close of the term.

—Clothing, furniture, carpets, and household goods of all kinds bought and sold at Mrs. Ferguson's second hand store, No. 83 North Main street.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies' and Gents' Stationery.
For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Southland's Bookstore. feb1dawy

Fits.—All Fits are stopped free by Dr. KLINE'S FIT CURE and GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. 321 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. feb1da3m

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. nov1dawy

The Famous Bethesda.
R. Danber's Celebrated Bethesda Water of Waukegan, Wis.—The marvel of the age and acknowledged by the medical world as a specific for diabetes, Bright's disease, and all kindred diseases. For sale by E. B. Helmsstreet, Janesville, Wis. oct17a6m

Brown's Household Panacea.
Is the most effective Pain Destroyer in the world. Will most surely quicken the blood, whether taken internally or applied externally, and thereby more certainly relieve PAIN, whether chronic or acute, than any other pain alleviator, and it is warranted double the strength of any similar preparation.

It cures pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache and ALLACHES and is the Great Reliever of PAIN. BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA should be in every family. A teaspoonful of the Panacea in a tumbler of hot water (sweetened if preferred), taken at bedtime, will BREAK UP A COLD. 25 cents a bottle.

Much Sickness.
Undoubtedly with children, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by Worms. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMBITS or Worm Lozenges, although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be absolutely sure in eradicating worms, so harmful to children. Twenty-five cents a box.

COMMERCIAL.
JANESVILLE MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY RUMP & GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, March 13

Flour—Winter, \$1.75 per sack; Minnesota, \$1.60; Wisconsin, \$1.40. Patent \$2.00. 48's Flour—\$2.25 per 100 lbs.

Wheat—Winter, 1.00 @ 1.10; good to best milling spring 1.00 @ 1.05; shipping grades 90 @ 1.00. Wheat Bran—70c per 100; \$1.00 per ton.

Meal—coarse, 80c per 100; bolted 35c per sack. FEED—90c per 100 lbs.

Middlings—50 @ 100 c. Ton \$12. Rye—in demand at 72 @ 75c.

Barley—Good to best samples 45 @ 55c; common to fair 30 @ 40c.

Corn—shelled per 60 lbs, 32 @ 34c cents, new ear or 75 lbs 32 @ 34c.

Oats—White 22 @ 24c; mixed 22 @ 24c. Timothy Seed—in demand at \$2.00 @ \$2.50 per 46 pounds.

Clover Seed—good demand at \$3.00 @ 4.00 per bushel.

Potatoes—plenty at 23 @ 25c. Butter—scarce at 22 @ 23c.

Beans—dull at 75 @ 76 per bushel. Eggs—good supply at 9 @ 10c fresh.

Hides—Green, 6 @ 7c; calf 6 @ 7c; Dry, 12 @ 14. Wool—Ranges at 40 @ 45c; 1/4 off for unmerchantable.

SHRIMP.—Range at 75 @ 80c each. **LEAFY STOCK.**—Cattle \$2.50 @ \$4.00 @ 100 lbs; Hogs 3 @ 24 @ 100 per 100 lbs.

Poultry—Turkeys 9 @ 10c; Chickens 6 @ 7c.

CHICAGO MARKET.
Chicago, March 12

WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat Cash, 1 23 1/4c; No 3 spring wheat cash 1 07 1/4c.

CORN—No 2 cash, 83. **BARLEY.**—Extra No. 3 cash, @ 54 cents. **PORK.**—cash new, \$11.55.

LARD.—cash \$7.10. **LIVE HOGS.**—3 @ 24 @ 75 according to grade. **BUTTER.**—30 @ 23c 10 @ 20c, according to quality.

EGGS.—Fresh 21 @ c. **HAY.**—Timothy No. 1, at \$13 00 @ 13 50 per ton; No 2 at 11 @ 12 00.

ROBS.—30 @ 35c. **HONEY.**—Good to new choice comb in boxes a 16 @ 18 cents.

SEEDS.—Clover at \$1.00 @ 1.40 per bu; Timothy at \$2.45 @ 2.55; Flax at 1 45 @.

TALLOW.—6 @ 6 1/2c No 1. **WHISKY.**—1 @ 7.

WOOL.—Tub-washed, poor conditioned and common coarse to choice medium, 55 @ 60c; unwashed, fine, 35 @ 40c; do, coarse to medium, 30 @ 35c; fleece washed, according to grade and condition, 25 @ 30c. Dirty, heavy and damaged lots sell at a discount of 3 @ 5c per lb.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN MARKET.
Milwaukee, March 12

Flour—firm. Wheat—opened and closed firm and higher; No 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.22c. No 1 Milwaukee \$1.20c; No 2 do \$1.19c; March \$1.18c; April \$1.19c; May \$1.20c; No 3 \$1.17c; No 4 \$1.09c; selected 91c.

CORN.—No 2 33 1/4c. **OATS.**—No 2 23 c. **RYE.**—No 1 73 c. **BARLEY.**—No 2 spring 58.

PORK.—mess cash new, \$11.60. **LARD.**—prime steam \$7.15.

NEW YORK MONETARY MARKET.
New York, March 12

Money; 6 per cent. Sterling exchange bankers' bills \$4.85 1/2; sight exchange on New York 4.89.

Government—quiet. State bonds—dull. Stocks—strong.

THOMAS S. NOLAN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law

Office with ELDREDGE & FETHERS, over the Bank County National Bank. mar31m

The Empire
DRUG STORE

This is the oldest established Drug Store in Janesville, and has well earned the title of

"THE OLD RELIABLE."

Every article found in an enterprising and first class establishment of this kind is kept constantly on hand. All descriptions of